## TO CUT WHEAT USE ONE-HALF

Military Necessity Demands That Each American Eat Only 11/2 **Pounds Wheat Products** Weekly.

CORN AND OATS SUBSTITUTES.

Allies Must Have Wheat Enough to Maintain Their War Bread Till Next Harvest.

If we are to furnish the allies with the necessary proportion of wheat to maintain their war bread from now until the next harvest, and this is a military necessity, we must reduce our bushels a month as against our norand for special cases, leaves for gen person, the Food Administration's statement continues; Many of our consumers are dependent upon bakers' bread. Such bread must be durable and therefore requires a larger proportion of wheat products than cereal breads balged in the household. Our army and navy require a full allowance. The well-to-do in our population can make greater sacrifices in the consumption of wheat products than can the poor. In addition, our population in the agricultural districts, where the other cereals are abundant, are more skilled in the preparation of breads from these other cereals than the crowded city and industrial popula-

With improved transportation conditions we now have available a surplus of potatoes. We also have in the spring months a surplus of milk, and we have ample corn and oats for human consumption. The drain on rye and barley as substitutes has already greatly exhausted the supply of these grains.

To effect the needed saving of wheat we are wholly dependent upon the voluntary assistance of the American people and we ask that the following rules shall be observed:

1. Householders to use not to exceed a total of 11/2 pounds per week of wheat products per person. This means not more than 1% pounds of Victory bread containing the required percentage of substitutes and one-half pound of cooking flour, macaroni, erackers, pastry, ples, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, all combined. 2. Public eating places and clubs to

observe two wheatless days per week, Monday and Wednesday, as at present. In addition thereto, not to serve to any one guest at any one meal an aggregate of breadstuffs, macaront, crackers, pastry, ples, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, containing a total of more than two ounces of wheat flour. No wheat products to be served unless specially ordered. Public eating establishments not to buy more than six pounds of wheat products for each ninety meals served, thus conof the householders.

3. Retailers to sell not more than one-eighth of a barrel of flour to any town customer at any one time and not more than one-quarter of a barrel to any country customer at any one time, and in no case to sell wheat products without the sale of an equal weight of other cereals.

4. We ask the bakers and grocers to reduce the volume of Victory bread sold, by delivery of the three-quarter pound loaf where one pound was sold before, and corresponding proportions in other weights. We also ask bakers | Hackmann. not to increase the amount of their wheat flour purchases beyond 70 per cent, of the average monthly amount purchased in the four months prior to March L.

5. Manufacturers using wheat products for non-food purposes should cease such use entirely.

6. There is no limit upon the use of other cereals, flours, and meals, corn, barley, buckwhent, potato flour, et

Many thousand families throughout the land are now using no wheat products whatever, except a very small amount for cooking purposes, and are doing so in perfect health and satisfaction. There is no reason why all of the American people who are able to cook in their own households cannot subsist perfectly well with the use of less wheat products than one and onebalf pounds a week, and we specially country to follow this additional programme in order that we may provide | seris. the necessary marginal supplies for those parts of the community less able to adapt themselves to so large a pro-

portion of substitutes. In order that we shall be able to make the wheat exports that are absolutely demanded of us to maintain the civil population and soldiers of the allies and our own army, we propose to supplement the voluntary co-operation of the public by a further limitation of distribution, and we shall place at once restrictions on distribution which will be adjusted from time to time to secure as nearly equitable dis- had also considered the navy. tribution as possible. With the arrival of harvest we should be able to relax for the necessary pattence, sacrifice series of thrilling experiences and sev and co-operation of the distributing eral narrow escapes.

MORE MONEY INVESTED, BUT WAGES ARE LOWER IN THAT LINE.

SHOE INDUSTRY HEADS LIST

Foundries and Iron Works Come Next to Shoes in Value of Product and Size of Pay Roll-Packing Houses Next in Order.

Jefferson City.

While the brewers of the state have more money invested in their plants mouthly consumption to 21,000,000 than any other single line of manufacturing, yet they do not employ the They employ 7.617 people, of which mal consumption of about 42,000,000 greatest number of people or pay the bushels, or 50 per cent, of our normal most wages, according to figures gathconsumption. This is the situation as ered by the Missouri bureau of labor set forth by the U. S. Food Adminis statistics, under the leadership of tration at Washington. Reserving a Commissioner William H. Lewis, for margin for distribution to the army the 1918 "Red Book," the present eral consumption approximately 11/2 The manufacturers of boots and shoes pounds of wheat products weekly per head the list in the amount of wages shoes produced that year by Mispaid and the number of people employed. Their yearly pay roll is \$11,-894,346.

There are 59 plants in the state nanufacturing boots and shoes and they employ a total of 19,677 people. of which number 13,499 are males and 6,178 females. They have an investment in their plants of \$87,629,480.

The value of boots and shoes and similar commodities made in Missouri during the year under consideration was \$79,171,078.

There are 31 plants manufacturing beer and products of malt, and they have a total investment of \$67,741,025. They employ 7,617 people, of which number 7,241 are men and 376 females, and their annual pay roll is \$6,427,341.

The breweries of the state turned out this year products which had a total worth of \$35,330,911, or about \$4,500,000 less than half of the worth of the huge mountain of boots and shoes produced that year by Missouri's boot and shoe factories.

The foundries and machine shops come next to the boot and shoe manufacturers in the number of workmen employed. Of the former there are 387 plants, with a capital investment of \$19,784,237. They employ a total of 16,981, and of this number but 172 are females. Their annual pay roll is \$9,383,568

The huge packing houses of the state turned out products worth \$145,the leading industry of the state.

There are 48 packing house plants, with a capital investment of \$24,124,-261 and a pay roll of \$4.011,879 per year. They employ 5,984 men and 435 women and girls.

The worth of the annual output of several other manufacturing lines for the same period was: Flour, feed, etc., \$50,593,551; tobacco, and cigarettes, \$34,069,621; bakeries, \$23,389, forming with the limitations requested 920; lumber, timber, boxes, crates, etc., \$24,301,240; men's clothing, \$41,

> Funds Wasted, Says Hackmann. Jefferson City.

Nearly \$1,000 was spent during 1915 and 1917 at Lincoln Institute, the state negro normal school here, for entertainment of members of the legislature and their wives with dinners, cigars; brandles and taxicab rides, according to the report of an audit of the school made public by State Auditor

The report referred to the expeditures as "unlawful," and said that \$177.46 was spent in this manner in not sufficient this year to undertake 1915, while the dinner and banquet bills climbed to \$668.48 in 1917.

The taxicabs, which carried the members to the institute during the two sessions, cost the state \$17.75, he the assurance that the next legislasaid. A detailed account of the items fure will be asked to appropriate for dinners said that \$45 was spent etough to complete the task. In New for grape juice in 1917. A small amount of apricot brandy was listed

among the items. Turkey, geese and chicken were served at the dinners, according to the report. The fewls cost the state, the audit says, \$85.05 in 1915 and \$85.35 in 1917. All of the dinner bills were charged to the domestic science account of the school on requisitions of the president, B. F. Allen, it is alleged The accounts were approved by F. ask the well-to-do households in the Guy Chinn of this city, secretary of the board of regents, Hackmann as-

> The report stated T. Speed Mosby, N. C. Burch and Chinn had over charged the state 430 for railroad mileage.

Gov. Gardner said his 19-year-old son, William K. Gardner, will again join some branch of the military service when he finishes his work at the

state university in a few days. The governor said his son had not determined what branch he would go 122. into, although he was anxious to serve in the aviation section. He said he

Young Gardner returned last December from France, where he drove an such restrictions. Until then we ask ambulance for six months; He had a

prowing Business Big Industry.

While the brewers of the state have more money invested in their plants than any other single line of manufacturing, yet they do not employ the greatest number of people or pay the most wages, according to figures gathered by the Missouri bureau of labor statistics, under the leadership of commissioner William H. Lewis, for the 1918 "Red Book," the present year's report, now being compiled The manufacturers of boots and shoes head the list in the amount of wages paid and the number of people employed. Their yearly pay roll is \$11,

There are 59 plants in the state manufacturing boots and shoes and they employ a total of 19,677 people. of which number 13,499 are males and 6,178 females. They have an investment in their plants of \$37,629,430.

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The huge packing houses of the state turned out products worth \$145. 639,709, breaking all previous annual records, and this makes it, for the year, considering total worth alone, the leading industry of the state.

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The worth of the annual output of several other manufacturing lines for the same period was: Flour, feed, etc., \$50,593,551; tobacco and clgarettes, \$34,069,631; bakeries, \$23,389. 920; lumber, timber, boxes, crates, ste., \$24,301,240; men's clothing, \$41, 533,848.

The Missouri Negro Educationa and Industrial Commission, through its chairman, N. C. Bruce of Dalton Mo., has appealed to Commissioner William H. Lewis, of the Missouri Bu read of Labor Statistics, to aid that organization in securing statistical facts and figures pertaining to the negro population of the state, the ob 439 709, breaking all previous annual ject being to use all such information records, and this makes it, for the to elevate the race. One intention is year, considering total worth alone, to persuade negroes to heed the call good hatch. Phomne 275. and lure of the land and become farm ers, a pursuit which offers splendid inducements and profits to the race. and makes all following it more independent than any other which is now population. Scattered over the state are several hundred negro farmers, either owning farms, or renting one, or running one on the profit-sharing plan for the owner, and all such are making a huge success of the venture. and the majority are receiving encouragement at i a helping hand from merchants and commission men, buyers and shippers, and the bankers they have business dealings with.

Chairman Bruce is anxious to place a competent representative in the field in Missouri to gather informanon from all negro farmers and from others who are working as farm help, and also other economical facts dealing with the prosperity and environments of the rural negro of Missouri. Wide-spread publicity will be given to all such statistical details to encourage negroes to become farmers. The Bureau of Labor Statistics funds are this work, but it is suggested, if some philanthropist will donate \$500 to the negro industrial commission for this purpose the work can commence with York where a similar negro industrial commission exists, \$5,000 has just been appropriated for this purpose.

The Missouri commission which was created as a negro welfare proposition by Governor Gardner, has all ready, and without funds, save what the members of the commission donated themselves, accomplished much good. Hundreds of negroes have been persuaded to clean up their premises, plant thrift gardens, and look more

Prairie Holl.-The Prairie Holl (Mo.) consolidated district voted on bonding the district for \$10,000 to build a new brick building, and the proposition carried. Votes against the bonding were 11 and for the bonding

Welge of here and Miss Anita Engel of Warrenton as assistants.

Mrs. B. C. Chick returned to ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE WITH Independence Sunda y evening Notice is hereby given, that letters

be precluded from any benefit of said for the general election to be held on the forever barred within one year from the date hibited within one y

rim, size 35x41/2, Federal tire. The value of boots and shoes and Finder please leaves same with

ervice.

L. H. McAdow,

WANTED: A w onan or girl red. to do housework and cooking Witness my signature on this 8th day of April, 1918.

WILLIAM AULL,

clothes. W. M. Johnson, The Taylor, 109 Ninth St. Phone 313.

FOR RENT: A 4 room house in good repair on South 5th St.

Petsch.

FOR SALE: 1 good, gentle horse, will work anywhere. Cheap if taken at once. Call R 14 M.

FOR SALE: Gentle Family horse, ride or drave. Phone 275.

FOR RENT: 3 unfurraished rooms in a flat. Modern. Rent reasonable. Phorme 810 or R 24 A. Miss Elizabe th Graves.

FOR SALE: Ox Blood S. C.

FOR RENT: June 1st, office

room now used as Recruiting Station. Modern and furnished open to this portion of the state's Clyde Wright. 10101/ Main St

Corn Sheller.

machine equipment a corn sheller and am prepared to take care
of any job large or small.

CARL BERTZ,

CARL BERTZ,

County, Missouri, to be begun and said lien ordered enforced.
Given under my hand this 17th day of April, A. D., 1918.

ALBERT GILLEN,
Administrator.

Administrator.

Aull & Aull Attorneys for Plaintiff.
May 17, 1918. I have recently added to my

Lexington, Mo.

For Sale. Thoroughbred snorthorn bull, months old.

JACKS ON BRADLEY

For Sale. yellow seed comn, \$3.50 per bushel. Also cow pumpkin seed.

> Frank Speas, Phone R 13 K.

4-5-1 mo.

For Sale.

Eggs for hatching. Single comb R. I. Reos; dark, rich color and good size Price, 13 eggs, room, in the city of Lexington, on the

> Mrs. Ni T. Slusher, Phone R 10 C.

FINAL SETTLEMEENT. Notice is her ely given to all crediors and other pences irriterested in istrator will apply to make a final the estate of A\_nue H. Wilson decens- settlement of said estate, at the May plant thrift gardens, and look more after the health of their families. Sanitary, health and thrift lectures are being given in colored communities by members of the commission and educated negroes, and this work is entirely voluntary with each such voluntary with each such voluntary.

The estate of A\_nine ii. Wilson decensions decided and in the probate Court of the commission decided and in the court of the commission and educated negroes, and this work is entirely voluntary with each such voluntary with each such voluntary.

The estate of A\_nine ii. Wilson decensions decided and in the probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be held at the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court of Lafayette County, in the city of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1918.

Wilson decensions decided and estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be held at the Probate Court of Lafayette County, in the city of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1918.

With the estate of A\_nine ii. Wilson decensions decided and instructions and estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1918.

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W.m. AULL, SR., Administrator,

FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is herely given to all credi-tors and other women interested in the estate of Toh, Taubranan deceased, that the undersigned Eleccutors will marthaville—The school board has smployed the following teachers to teach the Marthaville public school he caming year. Prof. A. C. Pitter. the coming year: Prof. A. C. Ritter the city of Lexington, can the second of Holstein, principal; Miss Martha Monday in Miny, 1918.

HARERY TAU BE MAN. JOH N E TAU BMAN

Mrs. James Brindell.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Maggie Hall deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 29th day of April, 1918, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, All persons having claims against said estate are required to achieve them. to the undersigned on the 29th day of April, 1918, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within six months after the date of examiner said letters, or they may pose of nominating candidates for the WANTED: A job by a young estate are required to exhibit them man, experienced clerk Cangive for allowance to the undersigned

Administration of Probate Attested by Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate Stephen Of Information (SEAL)

Representate County, Missouri.

Member of tives.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE or this office and receive reward. Notice is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of Susan I. Kirtley, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 8th day of Bates Steel Mule and 3 bottom engine plow, brand new Reason tate and a solution land to the standard of the st for selling, owner in military allowance to the undersigned within six months after the date of granting said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate;

Mayview, Mo. and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said letters, they will be forever bar-

Executor. WANTED: Se cond hand (SEAL)
Attested by Stephen N. Wilson, Judge of Probate for Lafayette County,

Missouri. April 12, 1918, 4t. EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given, that Let-ters Testimentary on the estate of Inquire of Frank Slaug Inter. Fannie Glish deccased, were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of April, 1918, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate to the undersigned on the 25th day of April, 1918, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate to the undersigned to a philit them for

Gem building for nerly occupied tate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within by a fruit store. Apply to Louis six months after the date of granting said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of granting said letters, they will be forever bar-

Witness my signature on this 25th lay of April, 1918. FRANCIS PATRICK MCCONNELL, Executor.

Attested by
Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate
for Lafayette County, Missouri.
(Scal)
April 26, 1918-14
Term, 1918, of said court, I will on MONDAY, JUNE 10th, 1918 FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Therese Volz deceased, R. Reds and S. C. Buff Leghorn of the Probate Court of Lafayette Eggs, \$1.50 per selling of 15. County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room, in

U. G. PHETZING. Executor.

FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Anna Z. Gillen deceased, that the undersigned Administrator will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of Lafayette

FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given to all credi-

FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Joseph E. Tucker deduction day of May, 1918. ceased, that the undersigned Admin istrator will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County. Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court second Monday in May, 1918.

G. W. FREDENDALL, Administrator.

FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Mary E. Hickman deceased, that the undersigned Admin-

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE WITH WILL,

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Robert A. Wilson deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 17th day of April, 1818, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Misaouri. All persons having claims against and estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within ale months after the date of sranting said letters, or they may be precluded from any bearst of many letters, without within one year from the date of granting said letters, they will be lower barred.

Without my signatore on this 17th day of April, 191.

WILLIAM AULL.

Administrator with will annuned.

COUNTY CLERK'S NOTICE OF PRIMARY ELECTION.

TATE OF MISSOURI. County of Lafayette-sa. COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

Presiding Judge of the County Judge of the County Court, Western District.
Judge of the County Court, East-

ern District. Judge of Probate Court. Clerk of Circuit Court. Clerk of County Court. County Collector. Recorder of Deeds.

Prosecuting Attorney. Justice of the Peace, Clay Townip-two to elect Justice of the Peace, Davis Townnip-two to elect. Justice of the Peace, Dover Town-

ship—two to elect. Justice of the Peace, Freedom Township-two to elect. Justice of the Peace, Lexington Township-three to elect. Justice of the Peace, Middleton Township—two to elect.

Justice of the Peace, Sni-a-bar
Township—two to elect.

Justice of the Peace, Washington ownship-two to elect. Constable, Clay Township. Constable, Davis Township. Constable Dover Township. Constable Freedom Township. Constable, Lexington Township. Constable, Middleton Township. Constable Sni-a-bar Township.

Constable, Washington Township.
Given under my hand and official
peal at Lexington, Missouri, this the
14th day of May, 1918,
GEO. W. BATES, Clerk of the County Court. (All candidates are required by Law to file at least 60 days prior to the date of the primary. See Sec 5859, 5860, 5862, R. S. Mo. 1909.)

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, and in favor of The Town of Bates City, in Lafayette County, Mis-souri, and against Mollie Hill to me

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front that the undersigned Executor will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of Lafayette bidder, for each in hand, the following described real estate, to wit: Fifty feet off of the east side of the No better layers Guarantee the city of Lexington, on the second north half of Block "F" in the Town of Bates City, in Lafayette County, Monday in May, 1918. Missouri, for the purpose of satisfying a certain judgment for \$70.90 and costs rendered in the Circuit Court

of Lafayette County, Mo., on the 21st day of February, 1918, wherein the Town of Bates City was plaintiff and Mollie Hill was defendant and in which proceeding said sum of \$70.90 and the costs were declared by said Court to be a special lien in fa-vor of The Town of Bates City upon the above described property, and

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given,, that letters tors and other persons interested in the estate of Gustave E. Holmgren deceased, that the undersigned Administratrix will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1918, of the Probate Court of sons having claims against said estate. Lafayette County, Missouri, to be be- tate are required to exhibit them for gun and held at the Probate Court allowance to the undersigned within A limited mount of 90-day the second Monday in May, 1918.

Allow seed comn, \$3.50 per bush-May, 1918.
BERGLUND,
Administratrix.
ing said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of granting said letters, they will be

> OLIVE TEMPLETON Administratrix. Attested by Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Profor Lafayette County, Missouri. AL) May 17, 1918. (SEAL)

Mrs. E. M. Petering returned this morning from a visit in Higginsville.

Away with DEADLY POISONS KILLS DATS MICE AND GOPHERS FOR SALE BY

Luther W. Marshall, Lexington DR. C. W. JOHNSO SURGEON DENTIST

Hix Building Phone 252. Lexington, Missouri.

J. L. PEAK SURGEON DENTIST

Lexington, Missouri.